

CAM Pam 600-1

BASIC STANDARDS
Of The



**101st Airborne Division (Air Assault)
And
Fort Campbell**

01 OCT 2014

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS, 101ST AIRBORNE DIVISION (AIR ASSAULT)
FORT CAMPBELL, KENTUCKY 42223-5000



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

AFZB-CG

01 September 2014

MEMORANDUM FOR: All Soldiers of the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) and Fort Campbell

SUBJECT: 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) and Fort Campbell Standards

1. The primary goal of Fort Campbell Pamphlet 600-1(The Blue Book) is to guide and reinforce the high standards of conduct and appearance of all Soldiers at Fort Campbell. The Soldiers of the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) are a highly disciplined fighting force. We must maintain our vigilance at all times.
2. These standards do not represent all the regulatory guidance governing individual Soldiers. They highlight certain items found in Army Regulations and the standards applicable to the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) and Fort Campbell.
3. Compliance with these standards is basic to the discipline of all our Soldiers. It is important that each has pride in one's self and the unit. We appreciate your dedication and support of our fighting force.

Air Assault!

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Nowak".

Gregory Nowak
CSM, USA
Command Sergeant Major

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Gary J. Volesky".

Gary J. Volesky
Major General, US Army
Commanding

Headquarters, 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) and Fort Campbell
Fort Campbell, Kentucky 42223-5000
01 SEP 2014

BASIC STANDARDS OF THE
101ST AIRBORNE DIVISION (AIR ASSAULT)
AND FORT CAMPBELL
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***This pamphlet supersedes CAM Pam 600-1, 23 AUG 12**

***CAM Pam 600-1**

SOLDIER'S CREED

I am an American Soldier.

I am a Warrior and a member of a team.

I serve the people of the United States and live the Army Values.

I will always place the mission first.

I will never accept defeat.

I will never quit.

I will never leave a fallen comrade.

I am disciplined, physically and mentally tough, trained and proficient in my warrior tasks and drills.

I always maintain my arms, my equipment and myself.

I am an expert and I am a professional.

I stand ready to deploy, engage, and destroy the enemies of the United States of America in close combat.

I am a guardian of freedom and the American way of life.

I am an American Soldier.

ARMY VALUES

Loyalty: Bear true faith and allegiance to the U.S. Constitution, the Army, your unit, and other Soldiers.

Duty: Fulfill your obligations.

Respect: Treat people as they should be treated.

Selfless-Service: Put the welfare of the nation, the Army, and your subordinates before your own.

Honor: Live up to all the Army values.

Integrity: Do what's right, legally and morally.

Personal Courage: Face fear, danger, or adversity (Physical or Moral).

DIVISION SONG

The song for the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) is titled "Screaming Eagles" and was written by Captain Samuel R. Loboda. All Soldiers assigned or attached to the 101st Airborne Division will learn the Screaming Eagle Song, stand at Attention when it is played, and sing the song. It is sung as follows:

SCREAMING EAGLES

We have a rendezvous with destiny.

Our strength and courage strike the spark

That will always make men free.

Assault right down through the skies of blue;

Keep your eyes on the job to be done.

We're the Soldiers of the hundred-first;

We'll fight 'till the battle's won!

THE ARMY SONG

The Army song is titled “The Army Song”. All Soldiers assigned or attached to the 101st Airborne Division will learn the Army song, stand at Attention when it is played, and sing the song. It is sung as follows:

**March along, sing our song, with the Army of the free.
Count the brave, count the true, who have fought to
victory.**

**We’re the Army and proud of our name!
We’re the Army and proudly proclaim:**

**First to fight for the right,
And to build the Nation’s might,
And the Army goes rolling along.
Proud of all we have done,
Fighting till the battle’s won,
And the Army goes rolling along.**

**Then it’s hi! hi! hey!
The Army’s on its way.
Count off the cadence loud and strong;
For where’er we go,
You will always know
That the Army goes rolling along.**

The 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) History

The Screaming Eagles are one of the most deployed and recognized Divisions in the U.S. Army, with a combat record spanning from the paratroopers of World War II to the Security Force Assistance Teams deployed in Afghanistan today.

The 101st Airborne Division was activated August 16, 1942 at Camp Claiborne, Louisiana. Its first Commanding General, Major General William C. Lee, noted that the Division had no history, but that it had a "rendezvous with destiny" and that the new Division would be habitually called into action when the need was "immediate and extreme". Throughout its 70-year history, the Division has amassed a proud record, in both war and peace, unmatched by any other unit.

Following its activation and initial training in the United States, the Division embarked for the European Theater of Operations in September, 1943 where it continuing its training in England. During the early morning hours of June 6th, 1944, the Screaming Eagles parachuted into the Contentin Peninsula becoming the first Allied Soldiers to set foot onto occupied France. The 101st Airborne Division, charged with clearing the way for the 4th Infantry Division's landing on Utah Beach, eventually linked the Utah and Omaha beachheads and liberated the city of Carentan. After a month of fighting, the Division returned to England to prepare for future operations.

On Sept. 17, 1944, the Division jumped into The Netherlands spearheading Operation Market Garden. Holding a narrow 16-mile corridor through enemy-held territory, the Division fought against heavy odds for 72 days. In late-November, 1944, the Division returned to France for a well-deserved rest. The rest would be a short one.

To counteract the massive German offensive through the Ardennes Forest in mid-December 1944, the 101st Airborne Division was unexpectedly recalled to the front. Responsible for defending the critical road junction at Bastogne, Belgium, the 101st Airborne Division was surrounded by strong enemy forces that demanded its immediate surrender. Responding to the German ultimatum, Brigadier Anthony C. McAuliffe made history with his famous one-word reply ... "Nuts!" Although the siege of Bastogne was broken on December 26th, 1944, intense fighting continued until mid-January, 1945 as Allied units reduces Nazi gains in the Ardennes salient.

Attacking the heart of Germany through the Ruhr valley, the 101st Airborne Division pursued retreating German forces into Bavaria. In spring 1945, the Screaming Eagles liberated the Landsberg concentration camp and Hitler's mountaintop retreat in Bertchtesgaden. The end of World War II in Europe relegated the 101st Airborne to occupation duties in Germany, Austria, and France. The Division was inactivated on November 30th, 1945.

The immediate post-war period marked an intermittent existence for the Screaming Eagles. The period is marked by several reactivations and inactivations at Camp Breckinridge, Kentucky and Fort Jackson, South Carolina. Official reactivation ceremonies, held on September 21, 1956, marked the 101st Airborne Division's return to active duty as the Army's first nuclear capable, Pentomic Division and its debut at Fort Campbell, Kentucky.

In September 1957, elements of the 101st Airborne Division were ordered to Little Rock, Arkansas by President Eisenhower. As part of Operation Arkansas, the 1st Airborne Battle Group, 327th Infantry escorted the first nine African-American students--the "Little Rock Nine"--as they attended classes at Little Rock Central High School. Successful, the Bastogne Bulldogs returned to Fort Campbell in late-1957.

On July 29th, 1965, the 1st Brigade, 101st Airborne Division was ordered to the Republic of Vietnam earning the nick-name of "The Nomads of Vietnam". The remainder of the Division remained at Fort Campbell until ordered to Vietnam in late-1967. During the enemy's ill-fated Tet Offensive in 1968, the Screaming Eagles were involved in combat operations from Saigon to Quang Tri Province.

In August 1968, the Screaming Eagles shed their parachutes in favor of helicopter-borne operations earning a new designation---the 101st Airborne Division (Airmobile). After the Tet Offensive, the Division settled into Thua Thien Province and continued offensive operations there until redeployed to the United States in early-1972.

The post Vietnam period was a time of change for the Army and the 101st Airborne Division (Airmobile). In February-1974, then-Major General Sidney Berry signed Division General Order 179 authorizing wear of the new Airmobile (late Air Assault) qualification badge. Reflecting a shift in structure and orientation, the Division was re-designated as the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) on October 4th, 1974.

In March 1982, elements of the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) began six-month deployments to the Sinai Peninsula as members of the Multinational Force of Observers. Tragedy struck in December 1985, when 248 Screaming Eagles redeploying from the Sinai were killed in a charter airplane crash near Gander, Newfoundland.

In August 1990, the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) deployed to the Middle East in support of Operations Desert Shield and Desert Storm. During the Liberation of Kuwait, the Division fired the first shots of the air war, and conducted the longest and largest air assault operations to date, securing Iraqi territory in the Euphrates River Valley. With announcement of the Safwan cease-fire in February, 1991, the 101st began redeployment preparations. By May 1991, the Screaming eagles were home.

The 1990s was a busy time for the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) seeing numerous deployments in support of stability and support operations world-wide. Fort Campbell-based units were deployed to Somalia, Haiti, the Sinai Peninsula, Central and South America, Bosnia, and Kosovo.

In the wake of the 9-11 terrorist attacks, elements of the Division quickly deployed to protect susceptible facilities in the United States from potential attack. Almost immediately, the 3rd Brigade Combat Team deployed to Afghanistan in November, 2001. In March 2002, the Rakkasans were, in part, responsible for offensive operations in the Shoh-I-Khot Valley that dealt a crippling early blow to the Taliban and al-Qaeda. After a challenging six-month deployment, 3rd Brigade redeployed to the United States.

In February and March 2003, the Division deployed to Kuwait in anticipation of combat operations against Saddam Hussein's regime. In a grueling air and ground movement of 570 kilometers through hostile territory and intense combat in urban areas, the Division exhibited its flexibility, lethality and firepower at every turn. Fighting its way from Najaf, through Karbala and Hillah, the Division eventually consolidated in Southern Baghdad in mid-April, 2003. Ordered to Northern Iraq shortly thereafter, the Division conducted the longest air assault in history and quickly assumed responsibility for Mosul, Iraq's second largest city, and the four surrounding provinces. In the months that followed, the Division concentrated on the goals of re-establishing security, the restoration of basic services, and reconstruction of civilian infrastructure. During this period, the Screaming Eagles underwrote the completion of

5,000 reconstruction projects, killed Uday and Qusay Hussein, and captured over 500 anti-Coalition insurgents.

The Division redeployed to Fort Campbell in early-2004. During the year that followed, the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) fully recovered and completely reorganized under the new Army Transformation Organizational structure in anticipation of its second deployment to Iraq.

In November 2005, the Division Headquarters, the 1st and 3rd Brigade Combat Teams, and the 101st Combat Aviation Brigade deployed to Iraq for a second time. As Task Force Band of Brothers, the Division assumed responsibility for the northern half of Iraq; the largest area of operation in the country. Partnered with four Iraqi Army divisions, the Screaming Eagles focused their efforts on developing credible Iraqi Security Force units that were capable of independent counter-insurgency operations. This monumental effort resulted in vastly improved security and the transfer of several areas to Iraqi control prior to the Division's redeployment in October, 2006. Under the new modular structure, 2nd and 4th Brigade Combat Teams and the 159th Combat Aviation Brigade were attached to other Multinational Division or Multinational Force commands elsewhere in Iraq.

Fort Campbell entered the final phases of the Army's historic modular transformation in late 2006. In this phase, the XVIII Airborne Corps shed its peacetime command responsibilities for the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) -- a relationship that began prior to the 1944 invasion of Holland, and the Division became a direct reporting unit to Forces Command. Additional command and control changes saw Fort Lee, Virginia's 49th Quartermaster Group join the Fort Campbell family.

Late-2007 saw the majority of the Division deployed again. The Division's 1st, 2nd, and 3rd Brigade Combat Teams and elements of the Sustainment Brigade deployed independently to Iraq where each served under the command of different Multinational Divisions then conducting combat operations throughout Iraq. Soldiers of the 49th Quartermaster deployed to both Iraq and Afghanistan to support combat and combat support operations. The 101st Combat Aviation Brigade deployed to Afghanistan and was eventually relieved by the 159th Combat Aviation Brigade.

In March 2008, the Headquarters (and Special Troops Battalion) 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) joined the 4th Brigade Combat Team and the 101st Sustainment Brigade in Afghanistan in support of Operation enduring Freedom. As Combined Joint Task Force 101 (CJTF-101), the Division Headquarters was supported by many attached Coalition units and was responsible for an area of operation the size of Pennsylvania designated as Regional Command-East. Composed of 14 provinces, including much of the volatile border region between Afghanistan and Pakistan, as well as the Hindu Kush and Afghan Control Highlands, Regional Command-East were posed unique and difficult set of challenges unlike anything previously experienced.

The Soldiers of CJTF-101 thrived in their role as both Soldier/diplomats and warriors. CJTF-101 helped restore the Afghan people's confidence and trust in their government, while improving their quality of life through more than 2500 innovative development projects. As warriors, CJTF-101 aggressively trained Afghan National Security Forces (ANSF) and, side-by-side, relentlessly pursued insurgent groups wherever they could be found.

Throughout 2010, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th Brigade Combat Teams, 101st Sus. Bde., 159th and 101st Combat Aviation Brigade deploy to Afghanistan at different times throughout the year. The 101st Div. HQ commands RC-East for the second time as the entire Division is deployed in the same theater of operations.

On May 2, 2011, Special Forces Soldiers and Navy Seals killed Osama Bin Laden, founder of al-Qaeda and responsible for the 9/11 attacks. Shortly after Bin Laden's death, President Barack Obama visited Fort Campbell to thank 160th Special Operations Aviation Regiment Soldiers and Soldiers in the Division.

During the summer and fall of 2012, elements of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Brigade Combat Teams, as well as the 101st Combat Aviation Brigade, again deployed to Afghanistan.

In early 2013, the 101st Div. HQ, 101st Sus. Bde., and 4th Brigade Combat Team deployed to Afghanistan. The 101st Div. HQ commands RC-East for the third time in five years.

Later in 2013, elements of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th Brigade Combat Team, and the 101st CAB, return home to Fort Campbell.

In early 2014, the 101st Div. HQ, 101st Sus. Bde., and the remaining elements of 4th BCT returned home from deployment to Afghanistan. Elements of 2nd BCT and 159th CAB deployed to Afghanistan.

The Division's efforts in Afghanistan resulted in successful and decisive operations at every level producing a significantly improved Afghan National Security Force committed to the defense of their country. Similarly, Screaming Eagles in Iraq measurably improved the quality of life of the Iraqi people and their trust in the Iraqi Army. Every Screaming Eagle should be proud of their efforts to assist Afghanistan and Iraq to resume their rightful place among the peaceful community of nations.

As we honor our past, however, we must also look to the future. There are still threats to our country and the 101st will undoubtedly be called upon again.

Our Army is the strength of the Nation. Our Soldiers are the strength of our Army. Our families are the strength of our Soldiers. And our communities are the strength of our families.

The American people trust us to secure their future and when the Nation calls, we will be ready --- and wherever we go --- we will succeed, we will win! Our Soldiers and units are highly trained Air Assault experts, disciplined and fit -- ready to deploy together, fight together and win together.

Never forget that you are the next generation of Screaming Eagle troopers. Our Division's legacy; and its future, rests in your hands.

The Army is a profession and one of the ways our leaders and the American public measure our professionalism is by our appearance. Wearing of the uniform, as well as our overall military appearance, should be a matter of personal pride for all Soldiers.

Every Soldier has the responsibility to understand and follow these standards. Leaders at all levels also have a responsibility to interpret and enforce these standards, which begins by setting the example.

SMA

1. WEAR AND APPEARANCE STANDARDS.

a. The uniform identifies Soldiers as members of the United States Army stationed at Fort Campbell, Kentucky. The uniform will be worn with pride.

b. The 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) has certain uniform traditions that Soldiers must know because they might differ from other Army units.

1. The black all leather Jump boot or Combat boot is the traditional footwear of the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault). Soldiers assigned wearing Jump Boots with their ASU or Class A uniforms will wear their trousers bloused IAW DA PAM/AR 670-1.

2. The Air Assault Badge **will be worn on the ASU or Class A uniforms.** Soldiers authorized to wear the Air Assault Badge will wear the Airborne/ Air Assault background trimming. The Airborne/ Air Assault background trimming is not authorized for wear when Soldiers are wearing the ASU or Class A uniform with black low quarter shoes.

c. Soldiers will ensure that articles in pockets, e.g., berets, wallets, checkbooks, combs, keys, etc., do not protrude from the pocket or present a bulky appearance. Items such as keys and key chains will not be attached to belt loops or belts unless required for duties being performed, e.g., armorer. While in uniform, Soldiers will not place their hands in their pockets except to place or retrieve objects. Soldiers may affix a personal cell phone or pager to their belts. Knives/Multi K tools (such as the Leatherman) are allowed; squad leaders will ensure knives are within Army and local regulation.

d. Electronic Devices: Soldiers are prohibited from operating a motor vehicle while using a cellular telephone, unless they are using a hands-free cell phone device e.g., Bluetooth speaker device, cell phone speaker device, etc. **Soldiers will not use cell phones, Bluetooth devices, or speaker phones while walking outdoors** in any duty uniform (on or off post). If on a cell phone in any type of walkway or outside a building, Soldiers will render the appropriate courtesies, e.g., greeting or salute of the day. **Headphones, ear buds or in ear blue tooth devices will not be worn on Fort Campbell roadways at any time.** Soldiers will not hold the phone and use the speaker as “hands free” while operating a motor vehicle or walking on or off post. Cell phone will not be attached to the PT uniform nor be worn during PT at any time.

*NOTE: Refer to the CAM Regulation 190-5 regarding cellular telephones for further information.

e. Motorcycle riders may wear PPE while conducting short movements of short duration from a parking lot to an establishment (Shoppette etc) or place of duty. PPE may be continued to be worn with helmet removed for quick stops ie; items at Shoppette, laundry etc. Longer duration stops, more than 5 min, PPE will be removed and carried or removed and stored in the motorcycle.

3. WEAR AND APPEARANCE OF ACU.

a. Wear of the Army uniform is outlined in AR 670-1.

b. The Army Combat Uniform (ACU) will serve as the Garrison, Field, and Deployment uniform for Soldiers assigned to the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) unless a region specific uniform is issued for deployment purposes.

1. ACUs will not be worn in off post establishments (shopping malls, Wal-Mart, etc.) after normal duty hours (1900) unless the duty day has been extended by special duty. Quick stops can be made after completion of duty for necessity stops only.

2. The ACU is a “wash and wear,” **no iron – no starch uniform.** Soldiers will not iron or starch the ACU.

3. All Soldiers in the 101st will wear the approved ACU Combat Boot or as an option, commercial tan combat boots that meet Army specification. Soldiers may wear commercial boots of a design similar to that of the army combat boot (tan), 8 to 10 inches in height as authorized by the commander. The boots must be made of tan

rough side out cattle hide leather and have a tan, rubber outsole. Soldiers may wear optional boots in lieu of the standard issue army combat boots (tan) - hot weather and temperate weather; however, they do not replace issue boots as a mandatory possession item. Boots with zippers or sneaker-type construction are not authorized to be worn with the ACU. Optional boots are not authorized for wear when the commander issues and prescribes standard organizational footwear for safety, medical or environmental reasons (such as insulated boots or safety shoes).

4. The foliage green T-shirt is a standard 100 percent cotton shirt authorized for wear by those Soldiers in jobs that have an associated flame risk or hazard. The foliage green T-shirt is required to support those individuals in MOS fields that cannot wear the light tan moisture-wicking T-shirt, to include fuel handlers and others who handle hazardous materials. This immediately allows leaders at all levels the ability to visually ensure their Soldiers are wearing the correct garment during required times. This wear policy will not prevent Soldiers from wearing the sand colored moisture wicking T-shirt with the army combat uniform (ACU), but it will allow those Soldiers who have an associated flame risk in their job to have alternative wear when appropriate.

5. In garrison and non-tactical training, the full color U.S. Flag Replica will be affixed to the right shoulder above any other shoulder Sleeve Insignias. During tactical training and combat operations, the Brigade commander will designate the appropriate flag: replica-full color or subdued IR. IR U.S. Flag Replicas are not authorized for wear in garrison.

6. During field or tactical training, the Army Combat Shirt (ACS) may be worn in lieu of the ACU jacket as prescribed by the commander. The ACS will not be worn outside the unit area, ranges and training areas.

c. Units are authorized to wear region specific uniforms NET 30 days from main body 1 (MB1) scheduled wheels up date. Redeploying units will wear region specific uniforms for the duration of their post deployment reintegration Soldier readiness processing. Once complete, Soldiers will wear the ACU.

d. Uniform for Soldiers who wear the flight suit: The Army Aviation Combat Uniform (A2CU) is worn on duty when flying, on standby awaiting flight, or as directed by the commander. A2CUs are not authorized for everyday wear in garrison or office environments. The 100% cotton foliage green and tan T-shirts are the only authorized T-shirts for wear with the A2CU. Long-sleeved white thermal shirts are authorized to

be worn under a tan shirt. Sleeves will not be pushed or rolled part way. The following boots are the only authorized footwear for the A2CU, Army combat boot, hot weather-flame resistant, (Bellville 340DES), Army Combat Boot, Tan (ACB-Tan), Tan Intermediate Cold Weather Boot with Removable Liner, (ICWB w/RL). **Personnel wearing the A2CU outside of the flight line will blouse the trousers.** When bloused, the trousers should not extend below the third eyelet from the top of the boot. Unit logo patches are not authorized to be sewn or velcroed on the uniform. The flame resistant Army Combat Shirt (ACS) is authorized for aircrew members. It is only to be worn when engaged in flight duties with the A2CU trousers and under the Air Warrior/IBA ensemble.

1. Aircrew uniform items will not be worn with the ACUs. However, major unit or separate battalion commanders may require the Gortex jacket to be worn in formation. All aviators in operational flying status and all enlisted crewmembers on flight status may wear the flight jacket.

e. Identification (ID) tags will always be worn around the neck when in uniform.

f. Security Identification badges. In restricted areas, commanders may prescribe the wear of security ID badges IAW AR 600-8-14. Personnel will not wear security ID badges outside the Bldg. for which they are required. Personnel will not hang other items from the security badge.

g. Duty uniform includes the ACU, maternity work uniform, flight clothing (NOMEX), cook whites, and hospital whites. **While off post in any type of establishment, the duty uniform, if worn, will be complete, neat, and present a sharp Soldierly appearance including while driving a POV.**

h. Headgear.

1. The Beret. The beret will be worn for special events such as parades or changes of command or authority or when prescribed by the CDR.

2. The ACU Sun (Boonie) Hat will only be worn while deployed.

3. The Stetson hat is only authorized for wear during BDE or lower ceremonies/events when authorized by the CDR.

- i. The tan belt with the black open-faced buckle is the only authorized belt worn with ACU and other field uniforms.
- j. The normal duty uniform for food service Soldiers performing duty in the garrison facility will comply with AR 670-1. They are required to wear unit crests and the air assault badge, if earned, on these uniforms.
- k. Enlisted Soldiers assigned to the COL Florence A. Blanchfield Army Community Hospital (BACH) wear duty white uniform, insignia, and accouterments. Polished brass pin-on insignia of rank and branch, nameplate, and the air assault badge, if earned. These are the only items authorized for wear on the hospital uniform. Soldiers may wear either authorized black or white footwear with socks to match.
- l. Enlisted Soldiers assigned to the US Army Dental Activity (DENTAC) may wear either medical white or ACU's. The air assault badge, if earned, is required for wear with the medical white uniform.
- m. The following nonstandard items will continue to be worn as indicated:
1. Nonstandard colored T-shirts are worn by the cadre of the Sabalauski Air Assault School, the Kreckel NCO Academy, and the Kalsu Replacement Company. **Colored T-shirts will not be worn as an outer garment** when out of the specific work area, i.e., to lunch or around post.
 2. Coveralls are protective clothes and, if prescribed by unit standing operating procedures, will be worn in the work areas only.
 3. The only authorized sunglasses for wear while in a field environment are those sunglasses listed in the Army Protective Eyewear List (APEL)
 4. Hydration Systems: The Army issued hydration system (i.e. Camelback) may be worn with the physical fitness and duty uniforms when authorized by the Commander.
- n. Personnel on official travel and traveling by commercial travel means will wear the service uniform or appropriate civilian attire. Combat uniforms are no longer authorized. Soldiers may wear the combat uniform on commercial flights only when deploying/redeploying or on rest and recuperation leave to and from the combat

theater. Commanders may authorize service or utility uniforms for Soldiers when traveling by commercial travel for emergency leave or casualty assistance duties.

o. Soldiers will not wear the ACU in off-post establishments after normal duty hours (1900) unless the duty day has been extended by special duty. Wear of the ACU in off-post establishments is unauthorized if the activities in the establishment center on alcohol consumption regardless if the establishment sells alcohol and food.

p. When in uniform, Soldiers are not authorized to walk around with a cigarette, cigar, pipe, or electronic versions of the preceding.

q. It is highly encouraged that all Soldiers wear earned badges on the ACU to promote esprit-de-corps and to encourage Soldiers to attend schools to earn authorized badges. You are a member of the only Air Assault Division in the world and although there is no precedence for class III badges the Air Assault badge will be worn above all other class III badges while assigned to the 101st ABN DIV (AASLT).

4. PHYSICAL TRAINING UNIFORM. The Army PT uniform is the standard duty uniform for Soldiers of the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) and Fort Campbell between the hours of 0630 to 0800 Monday through Friday unless Soldiers are engaged in PT that requires the ACU (i.e. tactical foot march). Physical training is meant to be conducted as a unit event. Soldiers will not conduct individual PT between the hours of 0630-0800 with the exception of leaders, 1SG and above, for the purpose of supervising training across their organization. Prior to conducting Physical Training, Leaders will give the Task, Conditions, and Standards of the events to be conducted. An After Action Review will be conducted prior to dismissing the formation from PT. All military personnel on Fort Campbell will wear a yellow reflective belt during physical training ensuring the safety and accountability of Soldiers. All Fort Campbell residents to include civilians are required to wear a reflective safety belt when running the roadways of Fort Campbell. Soldier's assigned to the 1LT J. Robert Kalsu replacement detachment and students of the NCO Academy will wear an orange reflective belt. This will assist the cadre to identify Soldier's who are unfamiliar to their organization.

a. Warm Weather. The warm weather physical fitness uniform consists of the summer IPFU, yellow reflective belt worn around the waist, running shoes, and white socks with no Logo's that covers the entire ankle bone. The shirt will be tucked into the shorts.

b. Cold Weather. The cold weather physical fitness uniform will consist of the Army winter IPFU, reflective belt worn over the right shoulder, running shoes, and white socks with no Logo's that covers the entire ankle bone and watch/ fleece cap. Unit distinctive shirts are allowed. Unit leader may adjust the uniform based on the weather, but must maintain uniformity of the formation. Combinations of the cold and warm weather uniform may be worn to maximize attainment of strenuous PT while keeping uniform integrity. Mixed uniforms are prohibited for wear at any time (i.e. PT shirt and civilian clothes).

c. Unit distinctive T-shirts and sweat shirts are authorized for wear. No Soldier will be required to purchase unit distinctive apparel. When in formation personnel wearing unit distinctive shirts will be grouped together.

Yellow Reflective Belt must be worn over the shoulder from right shoulder to left hip any time the PT jacket or sweat top–non standard is worn during physical training.

d. At no time will Soldiers wear the IPFU to the PX, eateries in the shoppettes, or Commissary. The IPFU is NOT appropriate wear to restaurants, shopping malls, or movies.

e. Headphones/ear buds/electronic devices are not authorized while wearing the IPFU under any circumstances.

5. PHYSICAL FITNESS.

a. Physical readiness is important to the successful accomplishment of the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) and Fort Campbell missions. Every Soldier assigned to the 101st Airborne Division (Air Assault) and Fort Campbell must be fit to fight. Every Soldier will do physical training a minimum of five times per week unless the unit commander has a higher priority for that day. Screaming Eagles are required to conduct 90 minutes of intense PT daily. The standard is for every Soldier to pass the APFT, run 4 miles without stopping in 36 minutes or less. When conducting unit runs, focus on team building and assessment. All units will conduct PT in the field. When conducting PT while wearing the ACUs or IBA/IOTV with running shoes or boots, the name tag, US Army tag, left shoulder patch and Colored US Flag will be worn unless conducting combatives PT. An organized sport is authorized for PT between 0630-

0800 once a week per PLT size element. All personnel involved must maintain a level of activity commensurate with typical PT activities ie; no benched personnel, all are participating. Sports PT is by exception and annotated on unit training calendars. The sport activity is crosswalked against physical readiness training ie; basketball includes sprinting in direct support of individual movement techniques etc.

All Soldiers must participate unless prohibited by their profile. Commanders will ensure leaders conduct risk assessments and tailor the PT program to meet the commander's physical fitness intent. **Cadence will not contain profanity, sexual innuendo, or language demeaning to others. Soldiers are encouraged to call cadences that promote the spirit of the only Air Assault Division and its capabilities, and the successes of their unit. Leaders in the rank of 1SG and above are authorized to do individual PT to allow them to supervise training across their organizations.**

b. Conditioning foot march. The uniform for the conditioning foot march is the IPFU with tan combat boots, IOTV/IBA/Tactical Plate Carrier (TPC) with a minimum of attached IFAK and yellow reflective belt. If the MOLLE or assault pack is worn the yellow reflective belt will be worn around the rucksack from side to side (Horizontal). The ACH or weapon is not authorized while wearing the IPFU. During winter months, the green micro fleece cap and black/green gloves may be worn. During limited visibility conditions, foot marches must be conducted off roads on authorized PT routes only. Road guards will be equipped with white lights during periods of darkness or limited visibility.

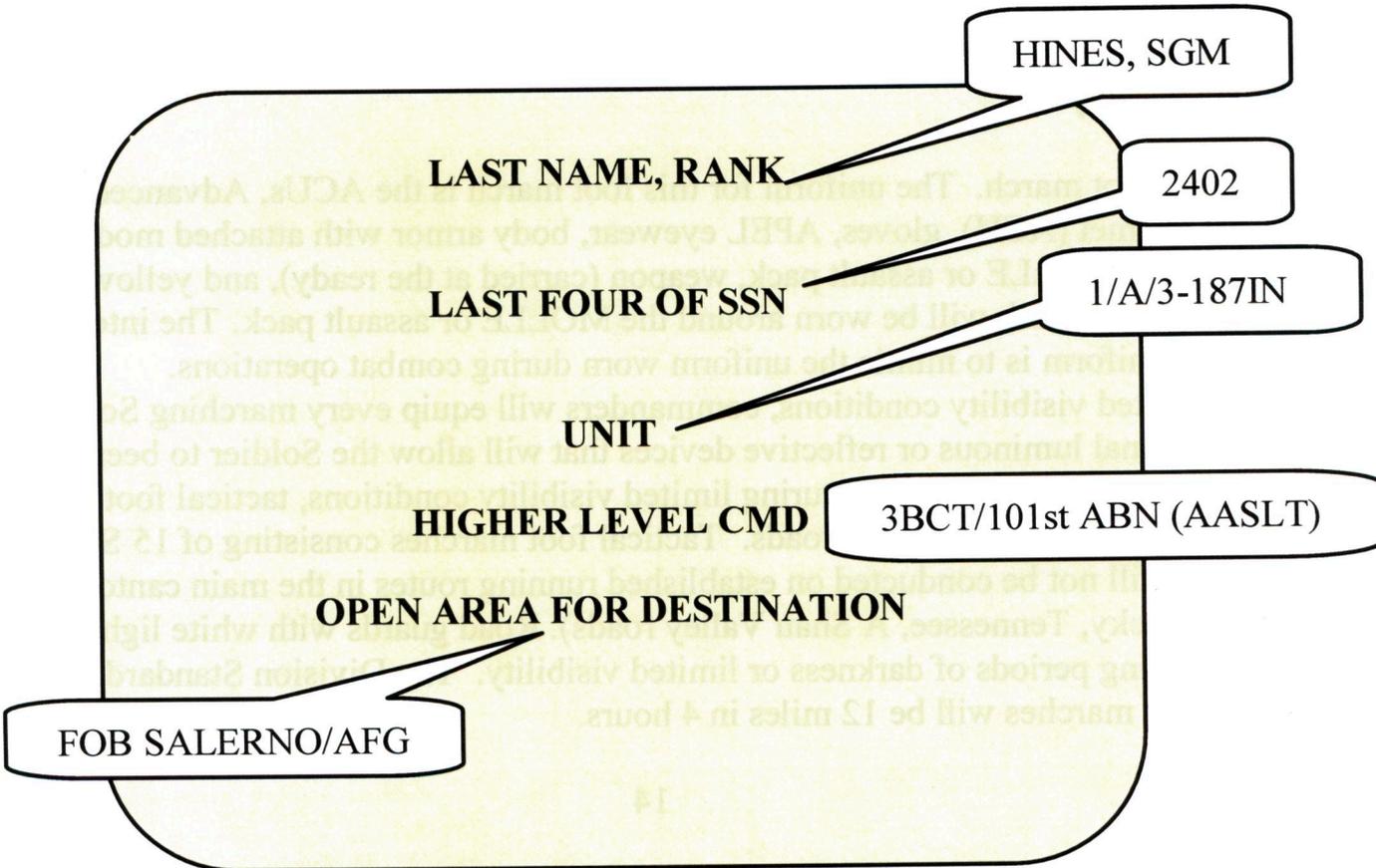
c. Tactical foot march. The uniform for this foot march is the ACUs, Advanced Combat Helmet (ACH), gloves, APEL eyewear, body armor with attached modular components, MOLLE or assault pack, weapon (carried at the ready), and yellow reflective belt, which will be worn around the MOLLE or assault pack. The intent of the above uniform is to mimic the uniform worn during combat operations. During limited visibility conditions, commanders will equip every marching Soldier with additional luminous or reflective devices that will allow the Soldier to be seen from the front and rear traffic. During limited visibility conditions, tactical foot marches must be conducted off roads. Tactical foot marches consisting of 15 Soldiers or greater will not be conducted on established running routes in the main cantonment area (Kentucky, Tennessee, A Shau Valley roads). Road guards with white lights will be used during periods of darkness or limited visibility. The Division Standard for tactical foot marches will be 12 miles in 4 hours.

d. Fort Campbell has both designated and shared PT routes. If conducting PT/foot marches prior to 0630 hrs, it will be conducted off roads or on gravel foot trails. Shared routes are open to runners, bicyclists, and vehicular traffic. When on these routes, Soldiers should use caution. Bicyclists are required to wear safety helmets, reflective vests and must adhere to 10 mph speed limit the same as motor vehicles. In order to aide the safety of Soldiers, some roads are prohibited for running. Refer to the latest established running route map for guidance.

6. IOTV/IBA and equipment markings

Body Armor front and back plates must be worn at all times except when conducting a conditioning foot march in the IPFU. The decision to wear or not wear the side plates rests with the Battalion/Squadron Commander. Mission essential items such as canteens, small arms cases, first aid cases, etc. from the Modular Light Weight Load Carry Equipment System (MOLLE) will be affixed to the IBA in accordance with the unit SOP. The intent is to allow each Soldier to wear the modular components of the MOLLE system to compliment that Soldiers duty position. The IFAK will be visibly marked with red identification markings and worn on the left hip. Use of a red cross/crescent etc. is unauthorized.

Duffle Bag Marking SOP; all duffle bags will be marked as seen below



7. WINTER UNIFORM.

- a. Gortex/ECWCS jacket and trousers are the standard outer garments worn with the duty uniform. Black leather or black/green NOMEX gloves may be worn with the Gortex/ECWCS at the Commanders discretion. Soldiers will wear pin-on insignia of rank or a cloth loop insignia of rank, over the front tab of the jacket. The cloth rank must be sewn closed. Hook and loop fastened cloth rank is not authorized. If authorized to wear the Leaders Insignia Tabs on the parka, the rank will be pinned or sewn on the tab. The Gortex jacket is required to have the name sewn on the small pocket flap of the left shoulder sleeve. Nametapes will be 3½ inches long and ½ inch wide, with ¼ inch block lettering.
- b. The foliage green micro-fleece cap, neck gaiter, or the balaclava may be worn under the helmet when conducting tactical training as directed by the unit commander. During extreme cold weather, Soldiers exposed to conditions for an extended period may wear the foliage green micro-fleece cap as an outer headgear in the execution of their duties at the Unit leader's discretion. This pertains mostly to Soldiers working on flight lines, in motor pools, and on work detail. The watch cap will not be worn to conduct business on or off post.

8. OFF-DUTY APPEARANCE.

- a. Civilian clothing must be in good taste, i.e., Soldiers should not go off post with their shirt off or unbuttoned down the front without a T-shirt. **Sagging or wearing trousers or shorts where underwear becomes visible is not in good taste and is not appropriate for Army Personnel.** Items intended as undergarments are not acceptable as outer garments in public places, such as the PX, theaters, commissary, service clubs, chapels, clubs, dining facilities, and medical or dental facilities. Clothing that is excessively dirty or contains holes, torn, or is adorned with vulgar and obscene slogans or designs are prohibited on Fort Campbell.
- b. Civilian clothes that Soldiers choose for off-duty wear should be in good taste and appropriate for the occasion. While short shorts and halters are appropriate for sunbathing, they are not allowed in on-post facilities.
- c. Swim wear is inappropriate beyond the confines of a swimming area and the immediate quarter's area.
- d. Soldiers will maintain a good military appearance while on leave/pass.

e. Attaching, affixing or displaying objects, articles, jewelry, or ornamentation to, through, or under their skin, tongue, or any other body part is prohibited (this includes earrings for male Soldiers). This applies to all Soldiers on or off post regardless of duty status. The only exception is for female Soldiers, who may wear earrings consistent with AR 670-1 paragraph 3–4*d*. (The term “skin” is not confined to external skin but includes the tongue, lips, inside the mouth, and other surfaces of the body not readily visible.)

9. GENERAL INFORMATION. Courtesy is respect for and consideration of others. In the Army, various forms of courtesy have become customary and traditional. It is important to render these courtesies correctly.

a. When saluting a superior Officer the initiator of the salute will sound of with “Screaming Eagles”. The superior officer will return the salute and sound of with “Air Assault”

b. Units will not spray paint or permanently mark roadways for any event. (PT test, road march, etc.) Units will use a Soldier or orange cone to mark turn-around or distance marker.

c. The Retreat and Reveille Ceremony. Retreat and reveille ceremonies are old military traditions. They symbolize the respect Soldiers and citizens give to the National flag and to the country. Retreat is in two distinctive parts: the bugle call “Retreat,” followed by the bugle call “To the Colors” or, if a band is available, the “National Anthem.”

1. When outside (not in formation) and “Retreat” is heard, Soldiers will face toward the flag and assume the position of “Attention.” During “To the Colors” or the National Anthem, Soldiers will remain at the position of “Attention,” and render the hand salute, or place their right hand over their heart (hats will be removed) if not in uniform. If in a vehicle and the “retreat” or “reveille” is heard, the Soldier will depart the vehicle and render the proper military courtesy. During retreat ceremonies, all vehicles will stop. Occupants will dismount and render proper courtesy. If on a bus or truck, the senior occupant will dismount and render proper courtesy. Patriotic civilians will stop and place their right hand over their hearts. **Soldiers in civilian clothes are authorized to salute.**

2. During an inside ceremony (not in formation), Soldiers will stand at “Attention” but will not “salute” unless they are under arms and have on the proper military headgear.

d. Off Limits Areas. A list of off limits areas will be posted in each company area. Soldiers should be aware of these areas. You can find a list of these establishments on the front page of the Fort Campbell intranet site.

e. Noise Abatement. CAM Regulation 190-5, paragraph 22, prohibits Soldiers from operating a vehicle stereo system at a level that can be heard at a distance in excess of 50 feet. This practice is impolite, inconsiderate, and offensive and is disorderly conduct. The driver may be cited with a Mandatory Court Appearance (MCA) in Federal Magistrate’s Court or disciplined under the UCMJ. Unruly conduct of this nature interferes with the rights of others and will not be tolerated. The 50 feet rule applies for music played in barracks and other government buildings. Soldiers should be aware of and abide by the policies governing quiet hours in the barracks.

f. Vehicles will not display any stickers, decals, ornaments, etc. which are offensive or sexually explicit. To avoid distracting other drivers and reduce the likelihood of accidents, the display of offensive bumper stickers, windows signs or other markings, items or accessories on or in a motor vehicle which are visible to other drivers is prohibited. The privilege to operate a vehicle on this installation is reserved for persons of maturity, responsibility, sobriety, and to those who show good judgment. CAM REG 190-5

g. Fort Campbell Training Area . All Soldiers interested in hunting, fishing, or recreational activities in the rear area of Fort Campbell must comply with CAM Circular 215-1 before using the rear area facilities. CAM Circular 215-1 can be obtained at the Hunting and Fishing Section, located in Bldg 6645 Lafayette Rd. and 101st ABN Div Pkwy. Telephone ;(270) 798-2175.

h. Personally Owned Weapons. No Soldier may possess or bring a personally owned weapon on Fort Campbell unless it’s properly registered with the Provost Marshal’s Office. At no time will personally owned weapons be at training sites or in barracks rooms. The requirements of CAM Regulation 190-3 will be strictly complied with concerning storage, possession, and transportation of personally owned weapons such as: pistols, revolvers, shotguns, bow and arrow, and crossbows.

i. Use of Government Travel Credit Cards. Every Soldier must know the GTCC is for official-routine (home station and return) TDY, nothing else. The GTCC is not for PCS expense, group travel, or personal reasons. The standard for Fort Campbell Soldiers is prompt payment of any outstanding bill.

j. Off-Duty Employment. The commander can authorize off-duty employment for SSGs and below if it does not interfere with military duties. Unscheduled military after-duty requirements have priority over off-duty employment. Submit a request to your commander stating the name and address of the prospective employer, a brief description of the work, and the hours of employment. Soldiers may not accept off duty employment until they receive written approval from the commander.

k. AR 608-99 requires Soldiers to manage their personal affairs satisfactorily, to include adequate support of their family members.

l. The Consumer Affairs/Financial Assistance Program (CAFAP) is responsible for providing basic education and counseling for active and reserve component Soldiers, their family members, DA civilians and their family members concerning personal financial readiness and consumer affairs. They provide individual budget counseling, consumer rights and obligation classes, and classes on budget development. The Consumer Affairs Office (CAO) is a one stop for Soldiers and family members considering making large purchases or need help on resolving consumer complaints. The CAO and CAFAP are located in Bldg 5661 Screaming Eagle Blvd., telephone (270) 798-3361/3344/5528/3354/3257.

10. FORCE PROTECTION & ADDITIONAL RESOURCES. Soldiers are encouraged to use the numerous resources available on Fort Campbell to assist them and their families. Soldiers should first contact their first line leader or someone in their chain of command. Every commander has an open door policy and the chain of command should always be given the first attempt to assist in resolving a problem.

a. It is every Leader's and Soldier's responsibility to help prevent accidents. Everyone is a Safety Officer. Safe operations start with unit readiness. Readiness depends on the ability of a unit to perform its mission-essential task list (METL) to standard.

b. All operations involving Soldiers require a completed Risk Assessment in order to identify associated hazards, select control measures which mitigate the associated risk and provide a base to conduct after action assessments. The risk management process

will be integrated into all planning phases of training and combat operations. Unit Safety Managers, Safety Officers and NCOs must play an active role in each and every planning phase. Soldiers will ensure that unnecessary risks are not taken. An unnecessary risk is any risk which could be reduced or eliminated and still provides for mission accomplishment.

c. Performing to standard IAW established policies and procedures is a key step in preventing accidents; however, Leaders must be aware that written standards may not exist for every task. High-risk tasks must be identified and reviewed to ensure that adequate standards are in place and that unnecessary risks are eliminated, other risks are reduced to an acceptable level, and approved at the appropriate level. It is a Leader's responsibility to ensure standards are enforced and unnecessary risks are not taken.

1. General Requirements.

a. Soldiers will not operate Army Motor Vehicles unless properly trained and licensed. Army motor vehicle sustainment and refresher training is a key element to accident prevention.

b. Soldiers and Leaders will ensure that vehicle operations are conducted IAW established standards, as applicable, to include use of ground guides, convoy briefings, use of assistant drivers/TCs, and adherence to local highway rules and laws. All Soldiers 25 years of age and younger will have a completed POV Inspection Form (FC2005) signed by their supervisor. One copy will be located in their glove box and an additional copy will be placed in their unit records at the Company level.

c. Seats belts will be worn at all times in Army Motor Vehicles. Required PPE equipment worn will be adjusted in order to accommodate use of the installed seatbelt system. Mandated PPE will not be removed.

2. POV and Motorcycle accidents are the number one cause of fatalities among Soldiers in the Army today and as such, warrant specific attention. Seatbelts will be worn in POVs at all times, on and off post.

a. Prior to any extended or holiday weekend, individual leave period and maximum leave windows, units will conduct directed vehicle safety and records check. Records checks as a minimum will include driver's license, vehicle insurance, motorcycle safety course completion and vehicle inspections. The recommended tools and forms to be used are contained in CAM REG 385-7. A record of these activities will be maintained in the unit files and are subject to inspection.

b. Soldiers are responsible for knowing, understanding, and complying with the rules of the road, and operating a vehicle safely in consideration of other motorists and pedestrians. Soldiers must be made aware of the individual responsibilities they accept as a vehicle operator.

c. Never allow passengers to travel in the back of privately owned trucks or sport utility vehicles or non-tactical military vehicles unless they wear a manufacturer - installed safety belt.

d. Motorcycle riders must attend a basic or experienced rider's course (as applicable). Units will maintain verification of completion in unit files. These files are subject to inspection.

3. Units will conduct Safety Stand-Up days a minimum of twice annually or as directed by higher headquarters.

4. Each BCT/BDE and separate unit will maintain a Remedial Drivers Training Program IAW G3/G4 guidance.

5. Commanders will enroll in, and complete requirements of Army Risk Assessment Program as directed by higher headquarters.

a. **Army Community Service.** Army Community Service (ACS) is located in Bldg 5661 Screaming Eagle Blvd., telephone (270) 798-9322. ACS provides information, assistance, and guidance on financial planning, food stamps, emergency care, shelter, transportation, job assistance, counseling and baby-sitting. Additional services include information, referral and follow-up, relocation, assistance to handicapped dependants,

and the Army Family Advocacy Program. ACS also has a loan closet for newly arrived Soldiers and family members awaiting household goods.

b. **Military One Source.** An integrated Army information source that is available 24 hours a day 365 days a year. The Army One Source can and will answer any type of question you may have concerning any Army issue. All calls are answered live and can be accessed by the following numbers. In the US; 1- 800-342-9647, outside the US; 1-800-464-8107. On the web at; www.militaryonesource.com

c. The **Dial INFO** program allows Soldiers a quick, easy avenue for assistance. It provides assistance to individuals who have a suggestion to improve the quality of life at Fort Campbell and to those who have a question or problem they are unable to resolve through their normal chain of command or through the appropriate staff/directorate office. This automatic answering device at telephone (270) 798-4636, operates 24 hours a day. Responses are normally made within 24 hours after being received.

d. **Free legal advice** on military and civilian legal problems (i.e., contracts, insurance, wills, leases, and powers of attorney) is available from the Legal Assistance Office; located at Bldg 125 Forrest Rd., telephone (270) 798-4432/0918

e. The **American Red Cross** is in Bldg T-32 Screaming Eagle Blvd., telephone (270) 798-2171 (duty hours only) or 1-877-272-7337 (nights, holidays and weekend emergencies). The Red Cross provides military personnel at Fort Campbell and their family members with:

- (1) Counseling and guidance on personal and family matters.
- (2) Communication/reports for emergency leave consideration between the Soldier and their families.
- (3) Emergency financial assistance.
- (4) Immediate emergency needs due to disaster.
- (5) Information on service-related benefits.
- (6) Arranging health care and safety courses.

(7) Recruiting and training volunteer workers for specific activities in dental and hospital clinics, blood, health and safety programs.

f. The **unit chaplain** is always available for spiritual or family counseling. A duty chaplain is always on call (270) 798-2273 (Care Line).

g. The **Military Family Life Program**. The Military Family Life Program is located in Bldg. 5661 Screaming Eagle Blvd., telephone (270) 205-1917/9171/2706. The Military Family Life Program helps to improve the quality of life for military personnel and their family members. The ACS program will provide a channel for informing, planning, coordinating, and directing actions that will meet community needs.

h. **Behavioral Health**. For all Emergencies, including thoughts of suicide, proceed to the nearest emergency room or call 911. Counseling and other behavioral health services are also available at Adult Behavioral Health, located at Bldg. 2516 22nd St. and Indiana Ave., telephone (270) 798-4296.

i. **Equal Opportunity Office**. Every unit has an equal opportunity (EO) representative. Any Soldier that feels they have a valid EO complaint should contact their unit representative.

j. **Equal Opportunity**. All Service Members have the right to be treated fairly without regard to their sex, race, religion, national origin or color.

k. **Sexual Harassment/Assault Response and Prevention (SHARP)** Sexual harassment occurs when any Service Member or civilian employee uses behavior of a sexual nature in an attempt to control, influence, or affect the career, pay, or job of a Service member or civilian employee, or makes deliberate or repeated verbal comments or gestures of a sexual nature that are offensive to the person addressed, or makes abusive physical contact of a sexual nature. ****If anyone is a victim of Sexual Assault or encounters someone that has been a victim, follow these steps below:**

1. Restricted reporting. A Service Member who is sexually assaulted and desires medical care, counseling and victim advocacy, without initiating the investigative process should use the restrictive reporting option. Restricted reporting allows a sexual assault victim to confidentially disclose the details of his/her assault to specifically identified individuals and receive medical treatment and counseling, without triggering the official investigative process. Restricted reporting is intended to

give victims additional time and increased control over the release and management of their personal information, and to empower them to seek relevant information and support to make more informed decisions about participating in the criminal investigation. A victim who receives appropriate care and treatment, and is provided an opportunity to make an informed decision about a criminal investigation is more likely to develop increased trust that his/her needs are of primary concern to the command and may eventually decide to pursue an investigation. Even if the victim chooses not to pursue an official investigation, this additional reporting avenue gives commanders a clearer picture of the sexual violence within their command, and enhances a commander's ability to provide an environment that is safe and contributes to the well-being and mission-readiness of all of its members.

2. Unrestricted reporting. A Service Member who is sexually assaulted and desires medical treatment, counseling and an official investigation of his/her allegation should use current reporting channels, for example, chain of command, law enforcement or report the incident to the SARC. Upon notification of a reported sexual assault, the SARC will immediately assign a Victim Advocate. Healthcare providers will, with the consent of the victim, initiate the appropriate care and treatment, and report the sexual assault to law enforcement or the chain of command. Additionally, at the victim's discretion/request, the healthcare provider will conduct a forensic medical examination, which may include the collection of evidence. Details regarding the incident will be limited to only those personnel who have a legitimate need to know.

I. Tri-Care Service Center. Your Tri-Care Service Center is located at Bldg. 2525 22nd St. and Indiana Ave. or call toll free 1-877-874-2273. The Tri-Care Service Center provides information, assistance and guidance about high-quality healthcare at affordable costs for military families and retirees. Office hours are from 0800-2000 Monday through Friday and from 0900-1300 Saturday.

11. INSPECTOR GENERAL ASSISTANCE. It is the right of every Soldier to seek the assistance of the Inspector General (IG) concerning complaints or grievances. Your IG office is located at Bldg. 234, Bastonge Ave., and telephone (270) 798-7359. You must have permission to be absent from your place of duty if you visit the IG during duty hours. We encourage you to use your chain of command first. More often than not, they can and will resolve any matter that concerns you.

OFFICIAL:



Gregory Nowak
CSM, USA
Command Sergeant Major



Gary J. Volesky
Major General, US Army
Commanding

WHAT WE BELIEVE

I CAN SAVE MY OWN LIFE!

**I AM A CRITICAL MEMBER
OF MY TEAM.**

**MY TEAM NEEDS ME AND
MY FAMILY NEEDS ME.**

**I SERVE MY NATION IN
THE BEST ARMY IN THE
WORLD.**

I CAN SAVE MY OWN LIFE!

My "911" TEAM CONTACTS

1ST LINE SUPERVISOR: 800-554-008

BATTLE BUDDY: 800-554-008

CHAPLAIN: 800-554-008

SOLDIERS OF THE HISTORIC 101ST ABN.

YOUR LIFE MATTERS!

**YOU HAVE BEEN PLACED HERE TO
PROUDLY SERVE AND MAKE A DIFFERENCE
IN THE WORLD!**

**YOU HAVE EXTRAORDINARY VALUE TO ME.
YOUR LEADERS, YOUR FAMILY, YOUR
FRIENDS AND YOUR GOD.**

I ASK YOU TO CHOOSE LIFE TODAY BY:

**- STAYING CLOSELY CONNECTED WITH
YOUR FRIENDS, FAMILY AND ARMY TEAM**

**- PROACTIVELY AND BOLDLY SEEKING
HELP WHEN YOU NEED IT**

**- DISCOVERING AND PURSUING YOUR
PURPOSE IN YOUR LIFE**

**YOUR TEAM WILL ALWAYS SUPPORT YOU
AND I ASK THAT YOU SUPPORT ME BY
DAILY REMEMBERING THAT
YOUR LIFE MATTERS!
AIR ASSAULT!**



**MG GARY VOLESKY
COMMANDING GENERAL
101ST AIRBORNE DIVISION (AASLT)**

FORT CAMPBELL SOCIAL RESILIENCY FAMILY READINESS SUPPORT ASSISTANT

Division FRSA.....	270-412-6728
1st BCT.....	270-412-5770
2nd BCT.....	270-798-0176
3rd BCT.....	270-798-1451
Sustainment Brigade.....	270-412-4959
101st Combat Aviation Brigade.....	270-798-3046
159th Combat Aviation Brigade.....	270-956-1124
HQB, 101st.....	270-798-1241
86th CSB.....	270-461-0550
5th SFG.....	270-461-4832
160th SOAR.....	270-798-9330
52nd EOD.....	270-461-0076
WTU.....	270-461-1489
MEDDAC.....	270-956-3851

Crisis Hotlines

Rape Crisis Hotline.....	800-656-4673
Fort Campbell Abuse Reporting.....	270-798-8601
After hours.....	270-798-8400
Kentucky Child Abuse Hotline.....	800-752-6200
Tennessee Child Abuse Hotline.....	877-237-0004
National Child Abuse Hotline.....	800-422-4453
Domestic Violence Hotline.....	800-799-7233
National AIDS Hotline.....	800-232-4636
National Parent Hotline.....	800-840-6537
Poison Control.....	800-222-1222
National Youth Crisis Hotline.....	800-442-4673
Suicide Hotline.....	800-784-2433
Missing and Exploited Children.....	800-843-5678
National Drug Abuse Hotline.....	800-622-4357
Ombudsman Wounded Warrior Hotline	270-798-8827 or 931-216-3402
Crisis Call Hotline.....	931-648-1000

SOCIAL RESILIENCY

Adults

Better Opportunities for Single Soldiers.....	270-798-7858
ACS Family Resource Center.....	270-956-2935
Fort Campbell Outdoor Recreation.....	270-798-2175
MWR Special Events.....	270-798-9089
MWR Sports & Fitness.....	270-956-1006
Army Career & Alumni Program.....	270-798-5000
ITR Leisure Travel.....	270-798-7436

Children

Child, Youth, and School Services.....	270-798-0674
CYSS Kids on Site.....	270-956-4381
ASYMCA.....	270-798-7422
BACH Child Psychiatry Services.....	270-798-8437
CYSS Outreach Services.....	270-412-0173
YMCA.....	270-798-7422
Family Childcare Home Program.....	270-798-4959
Child Development Home (Non-traditional Work Schedules).....	270-798-4959
Tennessee Child Development Center.....	270-412-4477
CYSS Respite Care.....	270-412-0173
Taylor Youth Services.....	270-798-3643
Taylor Youth Sports.....	270-798-6355
Boys Scouts of America.....	931-561-6515
Girl Scouts of America.....	931-648-1060

Schools

Fort Campbell School Liaison.....	270-798-9874
Fort Campbell Schools Central Office.....	270-439-1927
Administrative Office.....	270-439-3790
Clarksville Montgomery County Schools.....	931-648-5600
Christian County Public School System.....	270-887-7000
SSG Glenn H. English JR Army Education Center	270-798-3201

Adults

Chaplin Care/Crisis Line.....	270-798-2273
Religious Education Center.....	270-412-7219
Chaplain Services Family Life Center.....	270-798-3316
(Marital and Family Services Support)	
Installation Chaplain Service.....	270-798-6124
Memorial Chapel.....	270-798-2066
Community Chapel.....	270-798-0464
Soldiers Chapel.....	270-798-4311
Hope Chapel.....	270-798-7551
Peace Chapel.....	270-798-6124
Catholic Services.....	270-798-4311
Confessional.....	270-798-4311
Jewish Services.....	270-798-6124
Pagan Services.....	270-798-6124
Samoan & Pentecostal.....	270-798-6124
Gospel.....	270-798-0356
Muslim.....	270-798-6124
Religious Services Directory	
Installation Senior Catholic Priest.....	270-798-3840
101st Division Chaplain.....	270-798-2889
5th Special Forces Chaplain.....	270-798-3306
160th Chaplain.....	270-956-2490

SPIRITUAL RESILIENCY

Children

Club Beyond (Youth Ministries).....270-798-6124
Catholic Youth Chapel.....270-798-2352
AWANA (Ages 4-6th grade).....270-798-3185

Women's Program

Military Council of Catholic Women.....270-798-6124
Mothers of Preschoolers (MOPS).....270-798-6124
Protestant Women of the Chapel.....270-798-6124

Blanchfield Army Community Hospital

Hospital Chaplain.....270-798-8777

A quick reference guide to Fort Campbell's Resiliency

Agencies & Programs

ACS: Army Community Service
ASAP: Army Substance Abuse Program
ASYMCA: Armed Services YMCA
BACH: Blanchfield Army Community Hospital
CYSS: Child Youth & School Services
EFMP: Exceptional Family Member Program
ITR: Information, Ticketing, & Reservations
MOB/DEP: Mobilization/Deployment
FMWR: Family, Morale, Welfare, & Recreation

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Ft. Campbell Website: www.campbell.army.mil
FMWR: www.fortcampbellmwr.com
BACH: www.campbell.amedd.army.mil
Tricare: www.tricare.mil
www.militaryonesource.com
www.amryonesource.com
www.militaryhomefront.dod.mil
Enlisted Spouses Club: www.101stesc.net
Officers Spouses Club: fortcampbellosc.com
Fort Campbell Post Info: 270-798-2151

